Application No. 10/617,979 Attorney Docket No. 22727/04130

Response to Office Action of 7/20/2007

Listing of claims:

1. (Withdrawn/Currently amended) A method for screening substances which are

potential inhibitors of transcription expression of bacterial T-box regulated genes, comprising the

steps of:

a) incubating one or more assay mixtures to produce a readthrough mRNA product,

wherein the assay mixtures comprise comprising: a template DNA that comprises: (i) a bacterial

promoter, (ii) a glyQS leader of a T-box regulated gene, including a transcription start site, and

(iii) a downstream polynucleotide of sufficient length for detection of a read-through mRNA

product; divalent magnesium metal cations at a concentration equal to or higher than 30 mM;

nucleoside triphosphates; dinucleotides corresponding to and encoded by the transcription start

site of the *glvOS* leader; bacterial RNA polymerase complex; and tRNA specific for a specifier

sequence located in the glyOS leader; and

b) incubating a potential inhibitor substance with one or more assay mixtures to produce

a readthrough mRNA product, wherein the assay mixtures comprise comprising: a template

DNA that comprises: (i) a bacterial promoter, (ii) a glvOS leader of a T-box regulated gene,

including a transcription start site, and (iii) a downstream polynucleotide of sufficient length for

detection of a read-through mRNA product; divalent <u>magnesium</u> metal cations <u>at a concentration</u>

of about 30 mM or higher; nucleoside triphosphates; dinucleotides corresponding to and encoded

by the transcription start site of the *glyOS* leader; bacterial RNA polymerase complex; and tRNA

specific for a specifier sequence located in the glyQS leader; and

c) comparing the amount of fraction of total mRNA products corresponding to the read-

through mRNA product produced in step a) with the amount fraction of total mRNA products

<u>corresponding to</u> the read-through mRNA product produced in step b)

wherein a lesser amount fraction of a the read-through mRNA product determined for produced

in step b) in comparison with step a) indicates that said potential inhibitor substance inhibits

transcriptional readthrough of said T-box glyQS leader and therefore is an inhibitor of expression

of bacterial T-box regulated genes.

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- 2. **(Withdrawn/Currently amended)** The method recited in claim 1 wherein the divalent metal cation is Mg<sup>2+</sup> magnesium concentration is about 30 mM.
- 3. **(Withdrawn)** The method recited in claim 1 wherein the nucleoside triphosphates are selected from the group consisting of adenosine triphosphate, guanosine triphosphate, cytosine triphosphate, and uridine triphosphate, and any combination of one or more of these.
- 4. **(Withdrawn)** The method recited in claim 1 wherein the dinucleotides are selected from the group consisting of ApA, ApC, ApU, ApG, GpA, GpC, GpU, GpG, CpA, CpC, CpU, CpG, UpA, UpC, UpU, and UpG.
- 5. **(Withdrawn/Currently amended)** The method recited in claim 1 wherein the bacterial promoter is selected from the group consisting of the <u>a</u> B. subtilis glyQS promoter and the <u>a</u> B. subtilis rpsD promoter.
- 6. **(Withdrawn)** The method recited in claim 1 wherein the downstream polynucleotide of sufficient length for detection of a read-through mRNA product comprises a polynucleotide which is from about 30 to 150 nucleotide residues in length.
- 7. **(Withdrawn/Currently amended)** The method recited in claim 1 wherein the tRNA specific for a specifier sequence located in the *glyQS* leader is *B. subtilis* tRNA<sup>Gly</sup>.
- 8. **(Withdrawn/Currently amended)** The method recited in claim 1 wherein the RNA polymerase is <u>purified</u> from either *B. subtilis* or *Escherichia coli*.
- 9. **(Withdrawn/Currently amended)** The method recited in claim 1 wherein the <u>glvQS</u> leader comprises a <u>polynucleotide variant glvQS</u> leader sequence which is a variant of a wild-type <u>glyQS</u> leader from a Gram positive bacterial strain, wherein the variant <u>glvQS</u> leader sequence comprises modifications to one or both <u>of the wild type glvQS</u> leader specifier and <u>wild-type antiterminator</u> sequences <u>as compared to the wild-type glvQS leader</u>.
- 10. **(Withdrawn/Currently amended)** The method recited in claim 1 wherein the tRNA specific for a specifier sequence located in the <u>glvQS</u> leader is a variant of a wild-type tRNA wherein any one or more of the in which either or both wild-type anticodon sequence, or the

wild-type discriminator sequence, and the transcription start site is <u>are</u> altered to complement with the <u>glvOS</u> leader sequence.

- 11. **(Withdrawn/Currently amended)** The method recited in claim 1 wherein the <u>glvOS</u> leader comprises a variant <u>glvOS</u> leader polynucleotide sequence which is a variant of a wild-type <u>glycine synthetase glvOS</u> leader sequence from a Gram positive bacterial strain, wherein the variant <u>glvOS</u> leader sequence comprises modifications to one or both-of the-wild-type <u>glvOS</u> leader specifier and <u>wild-type antiterminator</u> sequences, and wherein the tRNA specific for a specifier sequence located in the <u>wild-type glvOS</u> leader is a variant of a wild-type tRNA <u>wherein in which</u> either or both of the wild-type anticodon sequence, and the <u>or</u> wild-type discriminator sequence are altered to complement with the variant <u>glvOS</u> leader sequence.
- 12. **(Withdrawn/Currently amended)** The method recited in claim 1 wherein the assay mixtures are comprises an *in vitro* halted-complex bacterial transcription assay systems.
- 13. **(Withdrawn/Currently amended)** A method for identifying inhibitors of transcription expression of bacterial T-box regulated genes, comprising:

providing two or more *in vitro* halted-complex bacterial transcription assay systems which comprise a template DNA comprising: (i) a bacterial promoter, (ii) a polynucleotide comprising a portion of a leader from the *B. subtilis glyQS* gene and includes including a transcription start site, and (iii) a downstream polynucleotide of sufficient length for detection of a read-through mRNA product; RNA polymerase, and uncharged *B. subtilis* tRNA<sup>Gly</sup>, wherein at least one or more of said assay systems comprises a test substance, and wherein at least one or more of said assay systems lacks a test substance, and comparing the amount of fraction of total mRNA products corresponding to *B. subtilis glyQS* read-through mRNA produced in each of said assay systems, wherein a test substance is considered an inhibitor if it effects a lesser amount of fraction of total mRNA products corresponding to the *B. subtilis glyQS* read-through mRNA produced in an assay system comprising such said test substance as compared to an assay system lacking any said test substance.

14. **(Withdrawn/Currently amended)** The method recited in claim 13 wherein the bacterial promoter is selected from the group consisting of the a *B. subtilis glvOS* promoter and the a *B.* 

subtilis rpsD promoter.

15. (Withdrawn/Currently amended) The method recited in claim 13 wherein the RNA

polymerase is <u>purified</u> from either *B. subtilis* or *Escherichia coli*.

16. **(Withdrawn/Currently amended)** The method recited in claim 13 wherein the sequence

of the polynucleotide comprising a portion of the leader from the B. subtilis glyQS leader gene is

comprises a variant of the wild-type B. subtilis glyQS leader sequence, wherein the variant

comprises comprising modifications to one or both of the wild-type B. subtilis glyQS leader

specifier and wild-type antiterminator sequences as compared to the wild-type glyQS leader, and

wherein the uncharged B. subtilis tRNA<sup>Gly</sup> is a variant of a wild-type B. subtilis tRNA<sup>Gly</sup> in

which either or both wild-type anticodon sequence and wild-type discriminator sequence are

altered to complement the variant B. subtilis glyQS leader sequence.

17. (Cancelled)

18. (Currently amended) An A purified in vitro assay system for screening substances

which are potential inhibitors of transcription expression of bacterial T-box regulated genes,

comprising:

a) one or more assay mixtures comprising: a template DNA that comprises: (i) a bacterial

promoter, (ii) a glvOS leader of a T-box regulated gene, including a transcription start site, and

(iii) a downstream polynucleotide of sufficient length for detection of a read-through mRNA

product; divalent magnesium metal cations at a concentration of about 30 mM or higher;

nucleoside triphosphates; dinucleotides corresponding to and encoded by the transcription start

site of the glvQS leader; bacterial RNA polymerase complex; and tRNA specific for a specifier

sequence located in the glyOS leader; and

b) one or more assay mixtures comprising: a potential inhibitor substance; a template

DNA that comprises: (i) a bacterial promoter, (ii) a glyOS leader of a T-box regulated gene,

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including a transcription start site, and (iii) a downstream polynucleotide of sufficient length for detection of a read-through mRNA product; divalent magnesium metal cations at a concentration of about 3 mM or higher; nucleoside triphosphates; dinucleotides corresponding to and encoded by the transcription start site of the glvQS leader; bacterial RNA polymerase complex; and tRNA specific for a specifier sequence located in the *glvOS* leader.

- 19. (Currently amended) The assay system recited in claim 18 wherein the divalent metal eation is magnesium cation concentration is about 30 mM.
- 20. (Original) The assay system recited in claim 18 wherein the nucleoside triphosphates are selected from the group consisting of adenosine triphosphate, guanosine triphosphate, cytosine triphosphate, and uridine triphosphate, and any combination of one or more of these.
- 21. (Original) The assay system recited in claim 18 wherein the dinucleotides are selected from the group consisting of ApA, ApC, ApU, ApG, GpA, GpC, GpU, GpG, CpA, CpC, CpU, CpG, UpA, UpC, UpU, and UpG.
- 22. (Currently amended) The assay system recited in claim 18 wherein the bacterial promoter is selected from the group consisting of the a B. subtilis glvQS promoter and the a B. subtilis rpsD promoter.
- 23. (Original) The assay system recited in claim 18 wherein the downstream polynucleotide of sufficient length for detection of a read-through mRNA product comprises a polynucleotide which is from about 30 to 150 nucleotide residues in length.
- 24. (Currently amended) The assay system recited in claim 18 wherein the tRNA specific for a specifier sequence located in the glyQS leader is B. subtilis tRNA<sup>Gly</sup>.
- 25. (Currently amended) The assay system recited in claim 18 wherein the RNA polymerase is purified from either B. subtilis or Escherichia coli.
- 26. (Currently amended) The assay system recited in claim 18 wherein the glyQS leader comprises a polynucleotide variant glyOS leader sequence which is a variant of a wild-type glycine synthetase glyOS leader from a Gram positive bacterial strain, wherein the variant glyOS

<u>leader sequence</u> comprises modifications to one or both <u>of the wild-type</u> <u>glyQS leader</u> specifier and <u>wild-type</u> <u>antiterminator sequences as compared to the wild-type glyQS leader</u>.

- 27. (Currently amended) The assay system recited in claim 18 wherein the tRNA specific for a specifier located in the <u>glvQS</u> leader is a variant of a wild-type tRNA wherein any one or more of the <u>in which either or both</u> wild-type anticodon sequence, <u>or the</u> wild-type discriminator sequence, and the transcription start site is <u>are</u> altered to complement with the <u>glvQS</u> leader sequence.
- 28. (Currently amended) The assay system recited in claim 18 wherein the leader comprises a polynucleotide variant glvQS leader sequence which is a variant of a wild-type glycine synthetase glvQS leader sequence from a Gram positive bacterial strain, wherein the variant glvQS leader sequence comprises modifications to one or both of the wild-type glvQS leader specifier, and wild-type antiterminator sequences as compared to the wild-type glvQS leader, and wherein the tRNA specific for a specifier sequence located in the wild-type glvQS leader is a variant of a wild-type tRNA wherein in which either or both of the wild-type anticodon sequence, or and the wild-type discriminator sequence are altered to complement with the variant glvQS leader sequence.
- 29. **(Currently amended)** The assay system recited in claim 18 wherein the assay mixtures are comprises an *in vitro* halted-complex bacterial transcription assay systems.
- 30. **(Currently amended)** An A purified *in vitro* assay system for identifying inhibitors of transcription expression of bacterial T-box regulated genes, comprising:

two or more *in vitro* halted-complex bacterial transcription assay systems which comprise a template DNA comprising: (i) a bacterial promoter, (ii) a polynucleotide comprising a <u>portion of a leader from the B. subtilis glyQS glyQS</u> gene, including a transcription start site, and (iii) a downstream polynucleotide of sufficient length for detection of a read-through mRNA product; RNA polymerase, and uncharged B. <u>subtilis subtilis tRNA Gly</u>, wherein at least one or more of said assay systems comprises a test substance, and wherein at least one or more of said assay systems lacks a test substance.

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31. (Currently amended) The assay system recited in claim 30 wherein the bacterial

promoter is selected from the group consisting of the <u>a</u> B. subtilis glyQS promoter and the <u>a</u> B.

subtilis rpsD promoter.

32. (Currently amended) The assay system recited in claim 30 wherein the RNA

polymerase is <u>purified</u> from either *B. subtilis* or *Escherichia coli*.

33. (Currently amended) The assay system recited in claim 30 wherein the sequence of the

polynucleotide comprising a portion of the <u>leader from the</u> B. subtilis glyQS <del>leader</del> gene is

comprises a variant of the wild-type B. subtilis glyQS leader sequence, wherein the variant

comprises comprising modifications to one or both of the wild-type B. subtilis glyQS leader

specifier and wild-type antiterminator sequences as compared to the wild-type glvOS leader, and

wherein the uncharged B. subtilis tRNA<sup>Gly</sup> is a variant of a wild-type B. subtilis tRNA<sup>Gly</sup> in

which either or both wild-type anticodon sequence and wild-type discriminator sequence are

altered to complement the variant B. subtilis glyQS leader sequence.

34. (Cancelled)

35. (Cancelled)

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